Suspend the Rules and Pass the Bill, H. R. 2643, With an Amendment

(The amendment strikes all after the enacting clause and inserts a complete new text)

119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. R. 2643

To require the Secretary of State to submit an annual report to Congress regarding the ties between criminal gangs and political and economic elites in Haiti and impose sanctions on political and economic elites involved in such criminal activities.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 3, 2025

Mr. Meeks (for himself, Mr. McCaul, and Mrs. Cherfilus-McCormick) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To require the Secretary of State to submit an annual report to Congress regarding the ties between criminal gangs and political and economic elites in Haiti and impose sanctions on political and economic elites involved in such criminal activities.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Haiti Criminal Collu-
3	sion Transparency Act of 2025".
4	SEC. 2. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
6	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
7	for the following 5 years, the Secretary of State, in coordi-
8	nation with other Federal agencies as appropriate, shall
9	submit a report to the appropriate congressional commit-
10	tees regarding the ties between criminal gangs and polit-
11	ical and economic elites in Haiti. The report shall—
12	(1) identify and list prominent criminal gange
13	in Haiti as well as the leaders thereof, and describe
14	their criminal activities including coercive recruit-
15	ment, and identify their primary geographic areas of
16	operations;
17	(2) list Haitian political and economic elites
18	who have direct links to criminal gangs and any or-
19	ganizations or entities controlled by these elites;
20	(3) describe in detail the relationship between
21	the individuals listed pursuant to paragraph (2) and
22	the criminal gangs identified pursuant to paragraph
23	(1);
24	(4) describe in detail how Haitian political and

economic elites use their relationships with criminal

25

1	gangs to advance their political and economic inter-
2	ests and agenda;
3	(5) include a list of each criminal organization
4	assessed to be trafficking Haitians and other indi-
5	viduals to the United States border;
6	(6) include an assessment of ties between polit-
7	ical and economic elites, criminal gangs in Haiti,
8	and transnational criminal organizations;
9	(7) include an assessment of how the nature
10	and extent of collusion between political and eco-
11	nomic elites and criminal gangs threatens the Hai-
12	tian people and United States national interests and
13	activities in the country; and
14	(8) include an assessment of potential actions
15	that the Government of the United States could take
16	to address the findings made pursuant to paragraph
17	(6).
18	(b) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required under
19	subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but
20	may include a classified annex.
21	SEC. 3. SANCTIONS.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
23	submission of the report to the appropriate committees,
24	the President shall impose the sanctions described in sub-

1	section (b) with respect to each foreign person identified
2	pursuant to sections $2(a)(1)$ and $2(a)(2)$.
3	(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
4	scribed in this subsection are the following:
5	(1) Property blocking.—Notwithstanding
6	the requirements of section 202 of the International
7	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701),
8	the President may exercise of all powers granted to
9	the President by that Act to the extent necessary to
10	block and prohibit all transactions in all property
11	and interests in property of the foreign person if
12	such property and interests in property are in the
13	United States, come within the United States, or are
14	or come within the possession or control of a United
15	States person.
16	(2) Visas, admission, or parole.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—An alien who the Sec-
18	retary of State or the Secretary of Homeland
19	Security (or a designee of one of such Secre-
20	taries) knows, or has reason to believe, is de-
21	scribed in subsection (a) is—
22	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
23	(ii) ineligible for a visa or other docu-
24	mentation to enter the United States; and

1	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
2	or paroled into the United States or to re-
3	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
4	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
5	seq.).
6	(B) Current visas revoked.—
7	(i) In general.—The issuing con-
8	sular officer, the Secretary of State, or the
9	Secretary of Homeland Security (or a des-
10	ignee of one of such Secretaries) shall, in
11	accordance with section 221(i) of the Im-
12	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
13	1201(i)), revoke any visa or other entry
14	documentation issued to an alien described
15	in subsection (a) regardless of when the
16	visa or other entry documentation is
17	issued.
18	(ii) Effect of Revocation.—A rev-
19	ocation under clause (i) shall take effect
20	immediately and shall automatically cancel
21	any other valid visa or entry documenta-
22	tion that is in the alien's possession.
23	(e) Exceptions.—
24	(1) Exception to comply with inter-
25	NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS.—Sanctions under this sec-

1	tion shall not apply with respect to the admission of
2	an alien if admitting or paroling the alien into the
3	United States is necessary to permit the United
4	States to comply with the Agreement regarding the
5	Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake
6	Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force No-
7	vember 21, 1947, between the United Nations and
8	the United States, or other applicable international
9	obligations.
10	(2) Exception relating to the provision
11	OF HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.—Sanctions under
12	this section may not be imposed with respect to
13	transactions or the facilitation of transactions for—
14	(A) the sale of agricultural commodities
15	food, medicine, or medical devices to Haiti;
16	(B) the provision of humanitarian assist-
17	ance to the people of Haiti;
18	(C) financial transactions relating to hu-
19	manitarian assistance or for humanitarian pur-
20	poses in Haiti; or
21	(D) transporting goods or services that are
22	necessary to carry out operations relating to
23	humanitarian assistance or humanitarian pur-
24	poses in Haiti.
25	(d) Implementation; Penalties.—

1	(1) Implementation.—The President may ex-
2	ercise all authorities provided to the President under
3	sections 203 and 205 of the International Emer-
4	gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and
5	1704) to carry out this subtitle.
6	(2) Penalties.—The penalties provided for in
7	of section 206(b) and (c) of the International Emer-
8	gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) shall
9	apply to a person that violates, attempts to violate,
10	conspires to violate, or causes a violation of regula-
11	tions promulgated to carry out this section to the
12	same extent that such penalties apply to a person
13	that commits an unlawful act described in section
14	206(a) of that Act.
15	(e) Waiver.—The President may waive the applica-
16	tion of sanctions or restrictions imposed with respect to
17	a foreign person under this section if the President cer-
18	tifies to the appropriate congressional committees that the
19	waiver is important to the national interests of the United
20	States.
21	(f) Exception Relating to Importation of
22	Goods.—
23	(1) In general.—The authorities and require-
24	ments to impose sanctions authorized under this sec-

1	tion shall not include the authority or requirement
2	to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
3	(2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
4	term "good" means any article, natural or man-
5	made substance, material, supply or manufactured
6	product, including inspection and test equipment,
7	and excluding technical data.
8	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
9	In this Act:
10	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
11	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
12	mittees" means—
13	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
14	the House of Representatives;
15	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
16	the Senate;
17	(C) the Committee on Financial Services of
18	the House of Representatives;
19	(D) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
20	and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
21	(E) the House Permanent Select Com-
22	mittee on Intelligence;
23	(F) the Senate Select Committee on Intel-
24	ligence;

1	(G) the Committee on Appropriations of
2	the House of Representatives; and
3	(H) the Committee on Appropriations of
4	the Senate.
5	(1) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
6	son" means an individual or entity that is not a
7	United States person.
8	(2) United States Person.—The term
9	"United States person" means—
10	(A) a United States citizen;
11	(B) a permanent resident alien of the
12	United States; or
13	(C) an entity organized under the laws of
14	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
15	the United States, including a foreign branch of
16	such an entity.
17	(3) Economic elites.—The term "economic
18	elites" means board members, officers, and execu-
19	tives of groups, committees, corporations, or other
20	entities that exert substantial influence or control
21	over Haiti's economy, infrastructure, or particular
22	industries.
23	(4) Political elites.—The term "political
24	elites" means current and former government offi-

- 1 cials and their high-level staff, political party lead-
- 2 ers, and political committee leaders.
- 3 SEC. 5. SUNSET.
- 4 The authorities provided by this Act shall cease to
- 5 have effect on the date that is 5 years after the date of
- 6 the enactment of this Act.